



CREATIVE CIRCLE
Energiewendekreislauf
Eisenstadt

Development of an energy transition cycle in the city of Eisenstadt

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Agenda

- Motivation
- Concept of the Energy Transition Cycle
- Renewable Energy Community
- Cooling Center
- Wastewater heat utilization
- Outlook



Project Description

- **Start:** 01.05.2022 **End:** 30.04.2025
- **Duration:** 36 Monate (expected to be extended by 12 months)
- **Funding Program:** Leuchttürme für resiliente Städte 2040
- **Konsortium: 8**
 - Forschung Burgenland GmbH (Lead Partner
 - RAUMBILD – Planungskommunikation & Beratung
 - Burgenland Energie
 - Ing. Leo Riebenbauer GmbH
 - Abwasserverband Eisenstadt Eisbachtal
 - Reiterer & Scherling GmbH
 - RAUMBILD – Ingenieurbüro für Raumplanung e.U.
 - 4ward Energy Research GmbH

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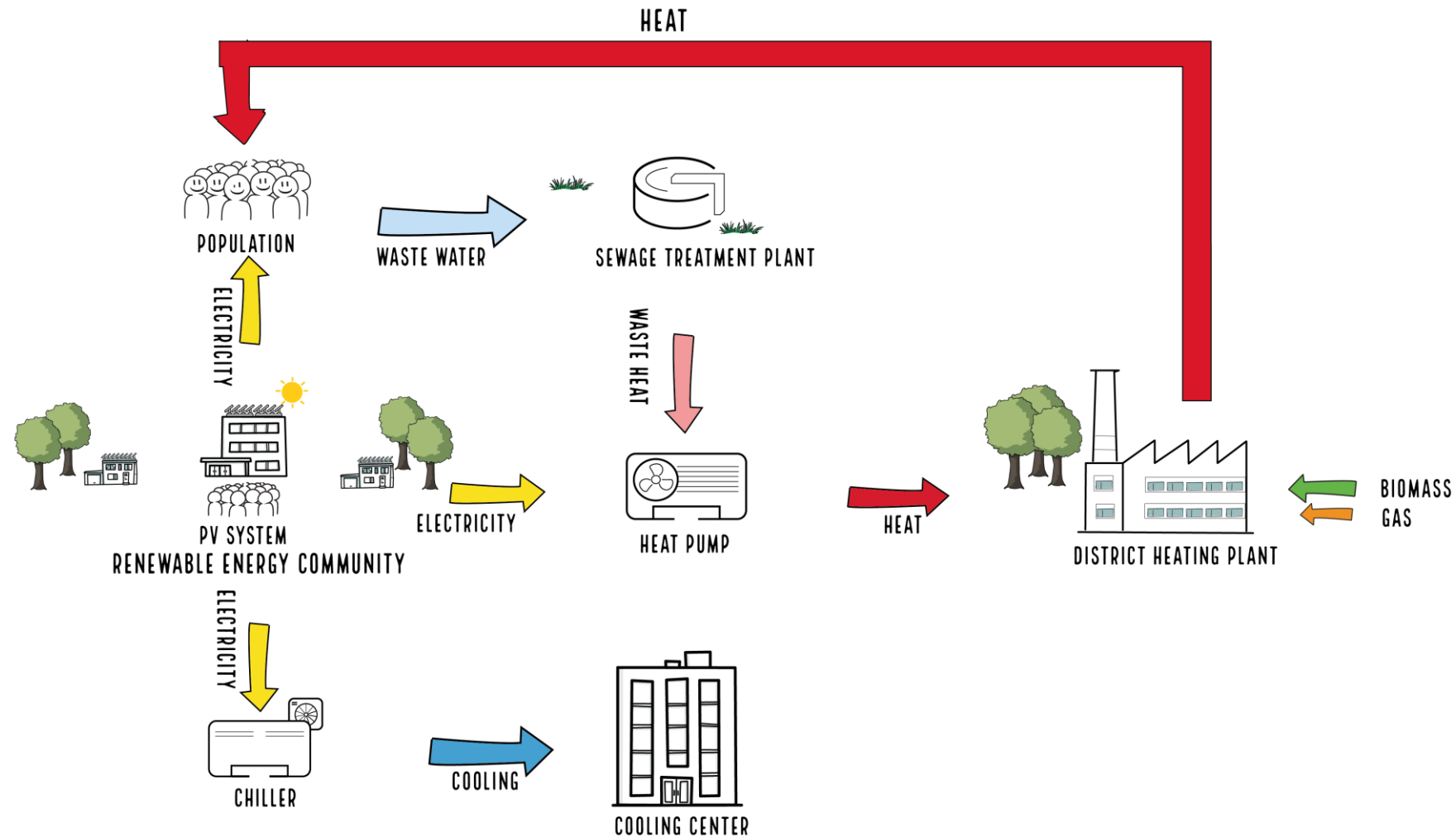


Motivation

- Integration of more renewable energy into the local system
- Local utilisation of locally generated energy
- Relief/support of the grid infrastructure (electricity + heat)
- Sustainable waste heat utilization
- Development of future-proof business models
- Measures against energy poverty
- Measures against summer overheating
- Participation of all population groups



Concept of the Energy Transition Cycle



Renewable Energy Community



Renewable Energy Community

- Based on the Renewable Energy Directive II of the European Commission
 - In Austria defined in the Erneuerbaren-Ausbau-Gesetzespaket and the EIWOG
 - valid since July 2021
- A renewable energy community is allowed to:
 - generate renewable energy itself,
 - consume,
 - store,
 - and sell self-generated renewable energy to members,
 - **by using the public power grid**
- Advantage of reduced grid fees and taxes
- Several framework conditions to consider



Renewable Energy Community Eisenstadt

- Foundation: 2022
- Energy Sources: Photovoltaic Systems
- Participants: 341 (Metering points)
 - 92 with Photovoltaic systems
- Total consumption: 706 MWh/a
- Total surplus production : 311 MWh/a
- Energy trade with the Energy Community: 128 MWh/a

- Challenge: Fair distribution key of the heat pump and the other members



Raiffeisen Burgenland
NACHHALTIGKEITSINITIATIVE

Gemeinsam in eine bessere Zukunft

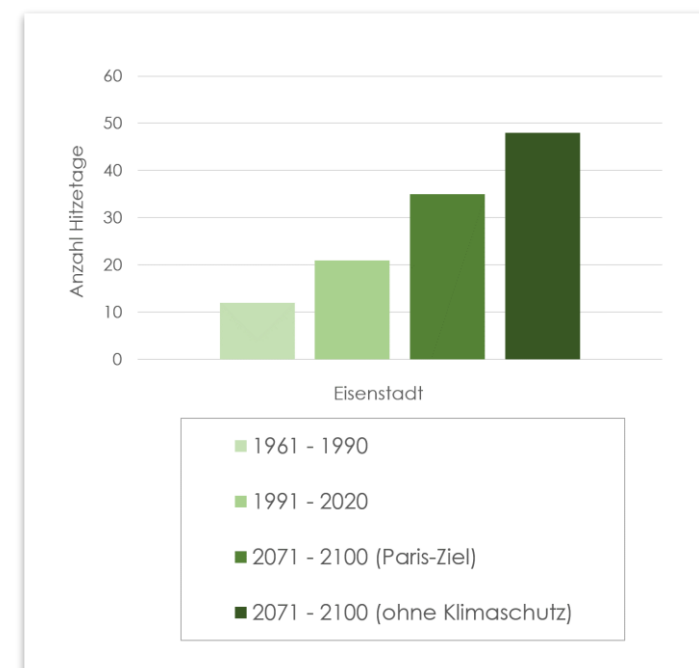


Cooling Center



Cooling Centre

- Significant increase of hot days (> 30°C) in the last years
 - The Burgenland region is especially affected
- Protection of vulnerable groups:
 - Small children
 - Pregnant women
 - Elderly people
 - People with chronic illnesses
- Even a brief stay in a cooled room can significantly reduce the risk of heatstroke.



Source: Geosphere Austria



Cooling Centre

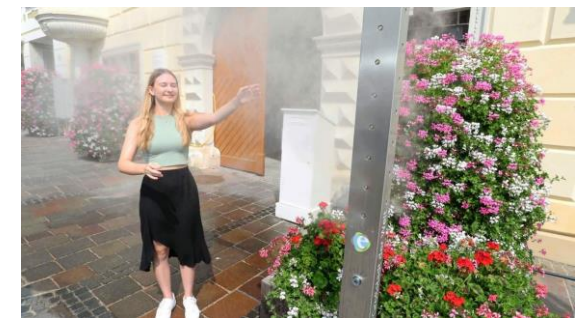
- Location: Lobby of the city hall in Eisenstadt
- First Opening: July 2023
- Supply of local renewable electricity from the energy community
- Cooling via innovative textile ducts
 - Low flow velocities
 - No draughts
 - Reduction of operating costs up to 40 %
- Additional Infrastructure:
 - Drinking water, books, exhibition of local artists, Information on climate protection and climate change adaptation



Source: Pressestelle der Stadtgemeinde Eisenstadt



Source: Sandra Koeune



Source: Reinhardt Judt



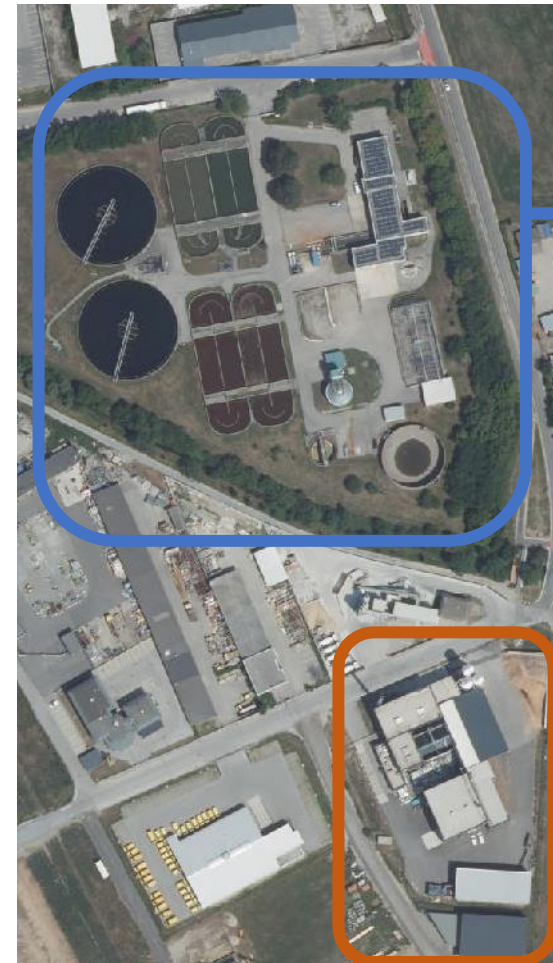
Waste heat utilisation



Waste heat utilisation - Framework



Source: GeoDaten Burgenland



**Sewage
Treatment Plant**

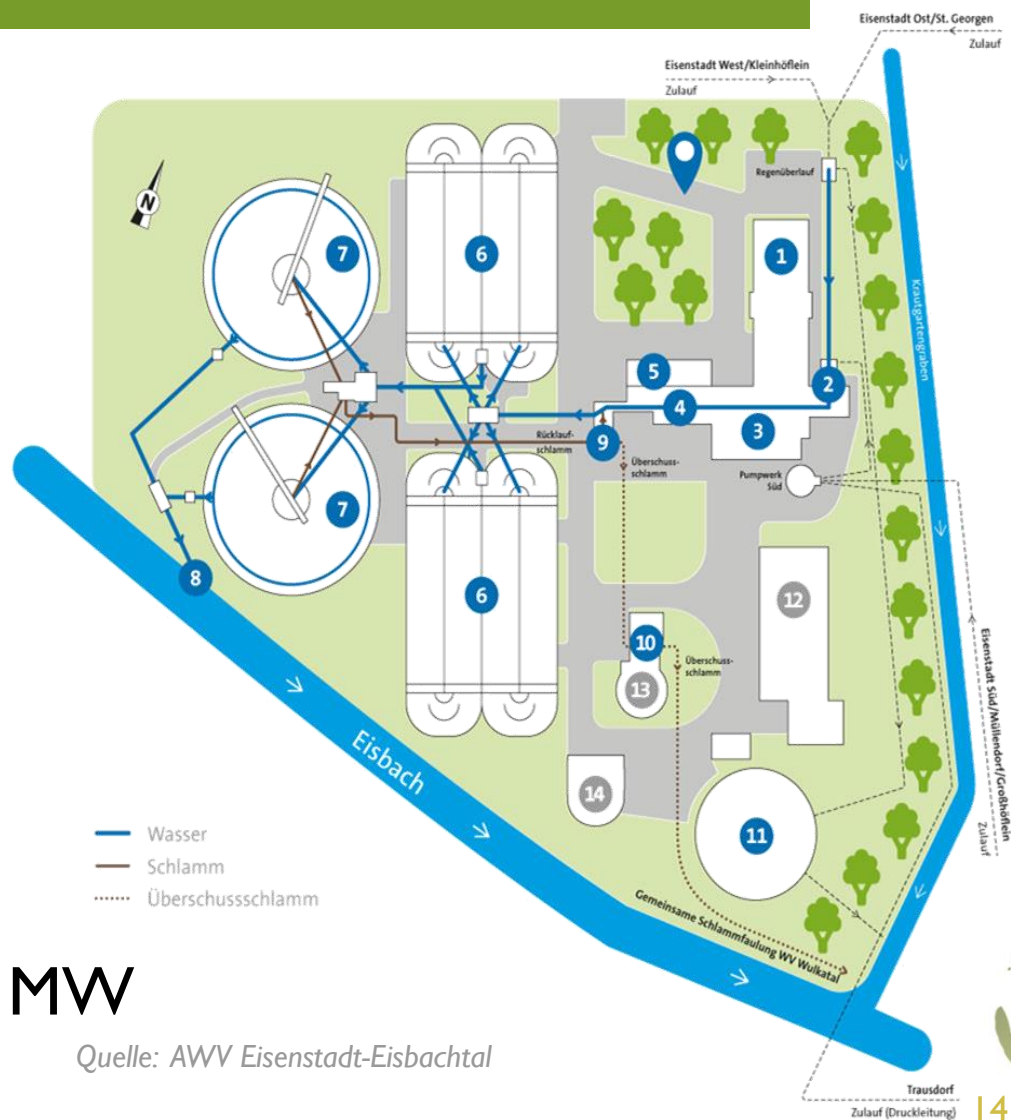
Heating Plant

Source: GeoDaten Burgenland



Waste heat utilisation - Framework

- Temperature level
 - Min: 2,5°C
 - Max: 26,5°C
 - Mean: 16,5°C
- Flow Rate
 - Mean: 105 l/s (~ 378 m³/h)
- Max withdrawal capacity ($\Delta t = 4 \text{ K}$) = 2 MW

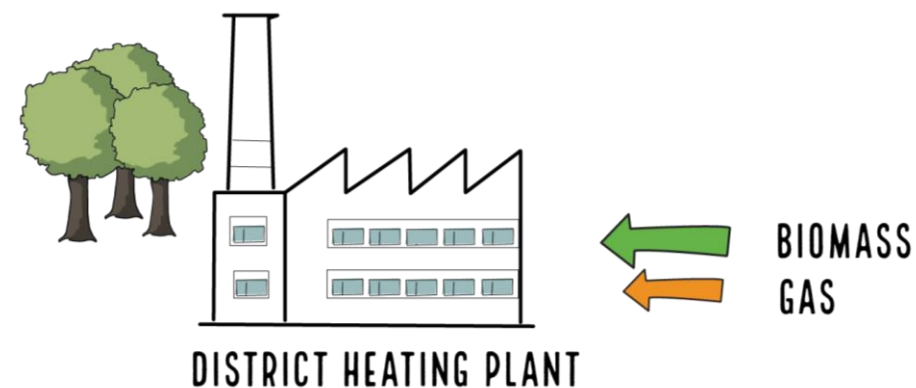


Quelle: AWW Eisenstadt-Eisbachtal

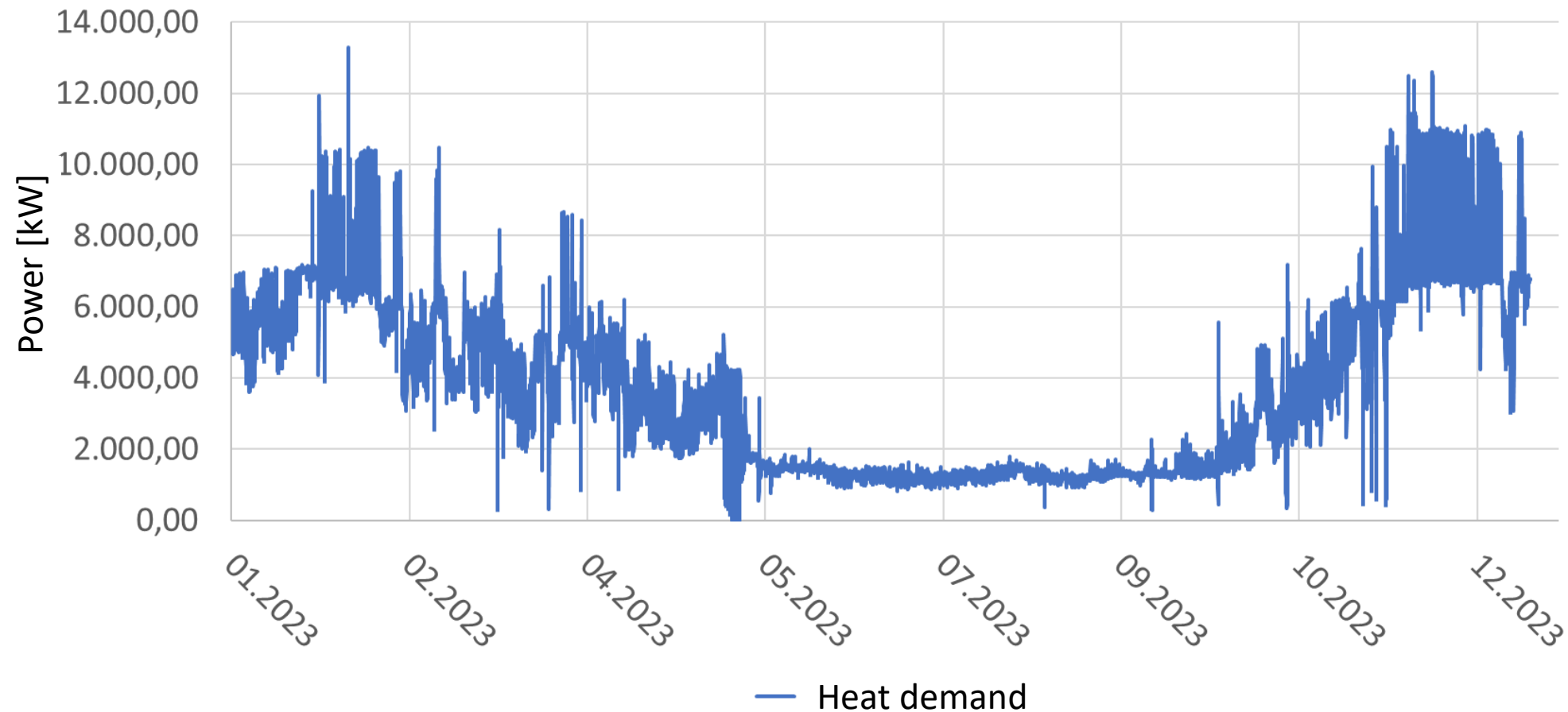


Waste heat utilisation - Framework

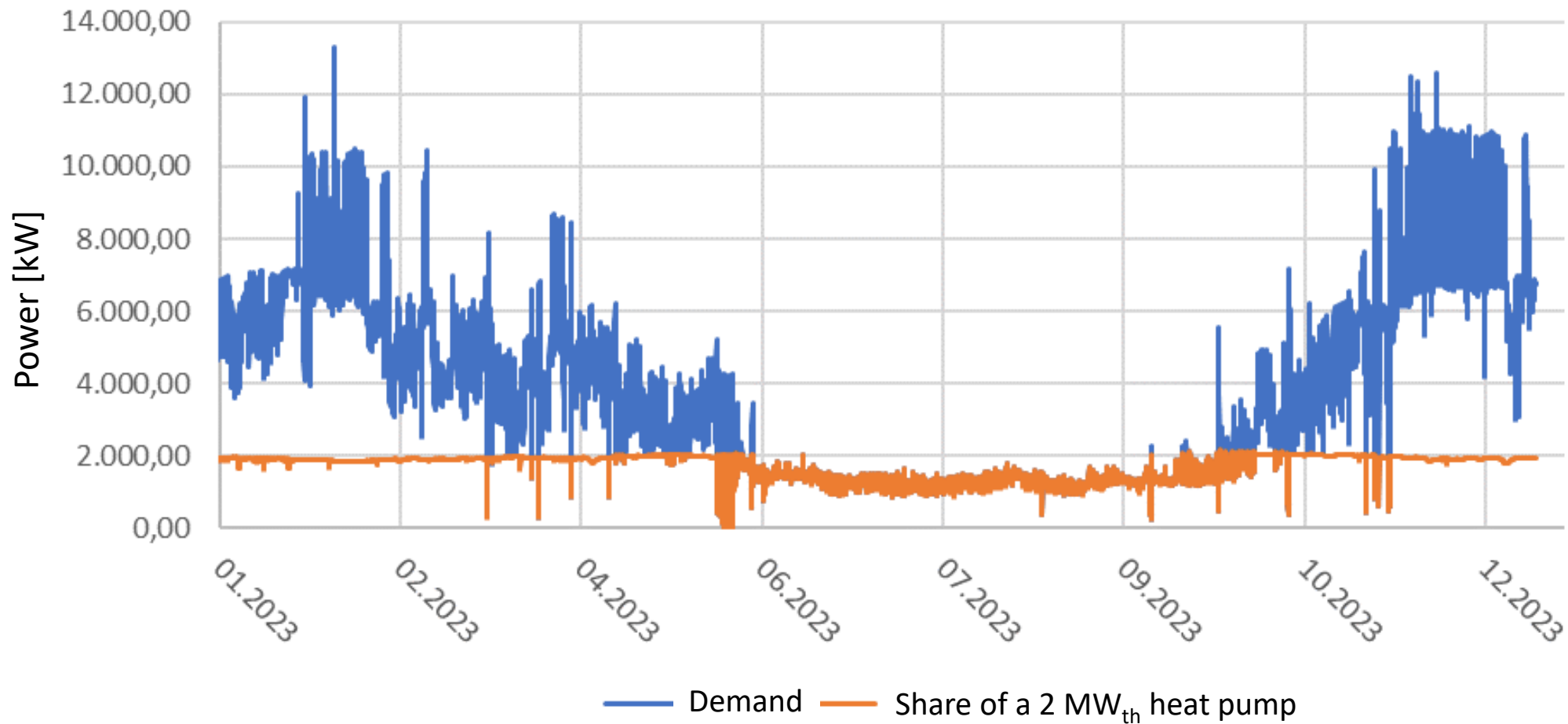
- Biomass boiler: 7 MW_{th}
- Gas boiler: $5+2 \text{ MW}_{\text{th}}$
- Thermal Puffer storage: 550 m^3
- Expansion 2024: + 7 MW_{th} Biomass boiler
- Heat demand 2023: 34.800 MWh



Heat demand of the district heating grid

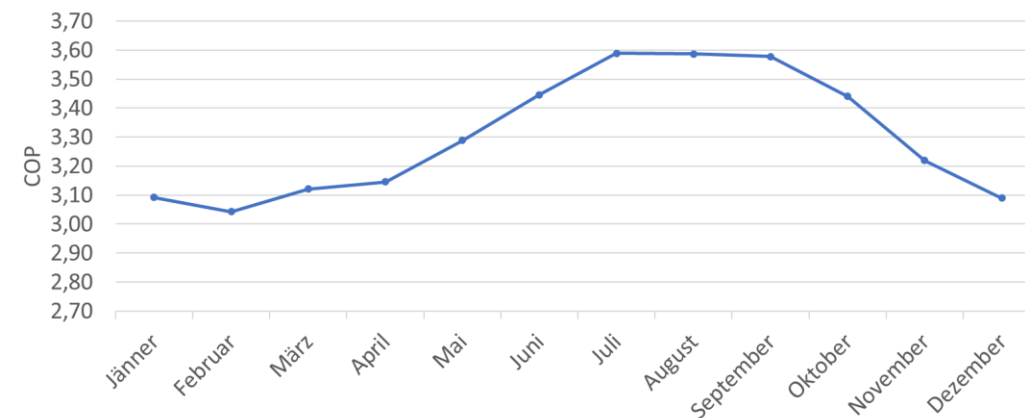


Heat supply of the district heating grid



Heat Pump

- Thermal Power: 2020 kW
- Electrical power: 614 kW
- Refrigerant : R717 (Ammonia)
- COP (W15/W85): 3.29



- Theoretically possible heat supply: 14 800 MWh (42 % heat requirement 2023)
- Heat pump can cover the whole demand during summer
- Sustainable electricity supply:
 - PV system at the wastewater association (400 kWp planned)
 - Renewable Energy Community
 - Public Grid (remaining share)



Conclusion / Outlook

- Renewable Energy Community is established and constantly growing
- Cooling Centre was opened in 2023
 - Extensive monitoring planned for summer 2024
- Detailed planning of the heat pump will be finalized in the next weeks
 - Investment decision of the heat pump is expected for summer 2024
 - Commissioning and monitoring of the entire energy transition cycle in 2025

